

**LOOK INSIDE:  
ANIMAL CARDS!**

 NATIONAL  
GEOGRAPHIC

# Little Kids

**Fun  
With  
Frogs**



# Why?

Why do you think a beach is made of sand?



**IT TAKES MANY, MANY YEARS FOR A ROCK TO BECOME SAND.**

The moving water breaks rocks into smaller and smaller pieces until they turn into sand. The sand settles on the beach.

## SORTING

# What Is Different?

Look at each picture in the top row.  
Find the differences between it and the one below.



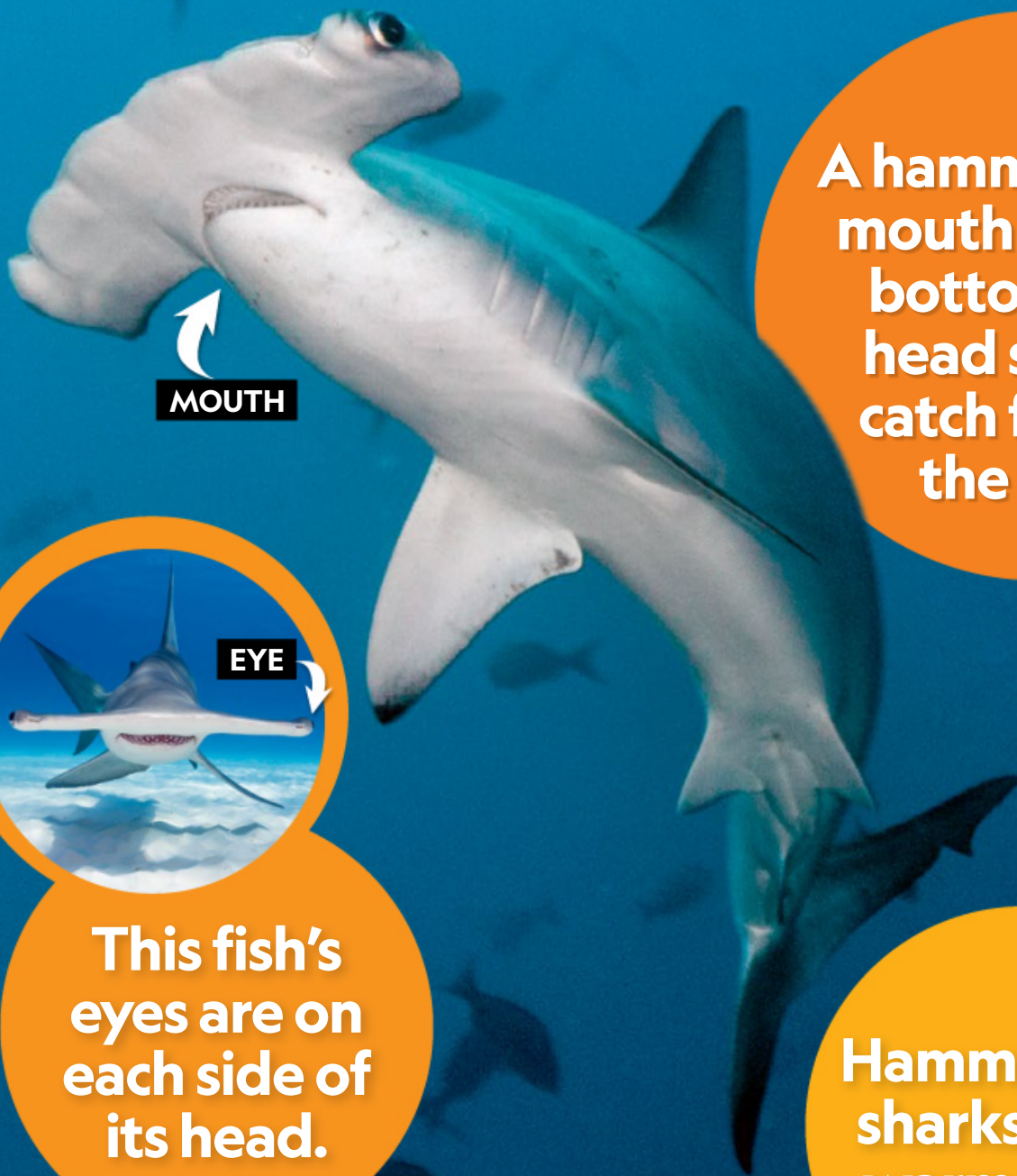
Find one  
difference.

Find two  
differences.

Find three  
differences.

# That's Cool!

Meet the hammerhead shark.



A hammerhead's mouth is on the bottom of its head so it can catch food off the sand.



This fish's eyes are on each side of its head.

Hammerhead sharks live in warm ocean water.

# NAMING

## What in the World Are These?



\_OG



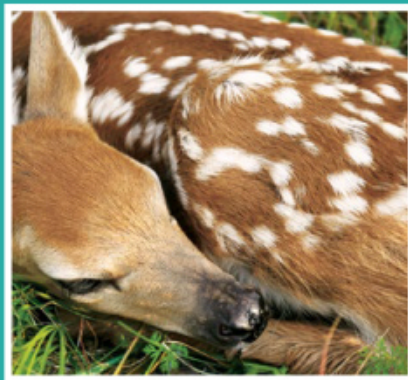
\_ALL



\_IZARD



\_HOES



\_EER



\_RESENT



\_UTTERFLY



\_MBRELLA



\_EACOCK

NAME SOME OTHER THINGS WITH SPOTS.

TOP ROW (LEFT TO RIGHT): © MOODBOARD / ALAMY; © PRICELESSPHOTOS / DREAMSTIME; © DLILLC / CORBIS. MIDDLE ROW (LEFT TO RIGHT): © OLHA UKHAL / ALAMY; © EXACTOStock / SUPERSTOCK; DORLING KINDERSLEY / GETTY IMAGES. BOTTOM ROW (LEFT TO RIGHT): © GYRO PHOTOGRAPHY / AMANAIMAGES / CORBIS; SHELLEY CORINNE / GETTY IMAGES; © RUI MATOS / DREAMSTIME.

# TREE FROGS at Night

Red-eyed tree frogs live in the tops of trees. They are very busy at night.

These frogs hunt in the dark. Their long tongues help them quickly snatch a bug. Special toes help them climb branches and stick to leaves.





A red-eyed tree frog is as long as your thumb.

Red-eyed tree frogs can smell things very well.



**STICKY TOE**

Red-eyed tree frogs call to each other during rainy summer nights. This helps them find each other in the leaves.

**SEE MORE  
FROG FUN!**

[natgeolittlekids.com/may](https://natgeolittlekids.com/may)

One of the frog's calls sounds like a baby rattle.

The babies, called tadpoles, look like fish and live in water.





Daytime means bedtime for red-eyed tree frogs. They tuck in their colorful feet and sleep on green leaves. Now other animals can't see them.

HIDING



FROGLET

A young red-eyed tree frog is called a froglet.

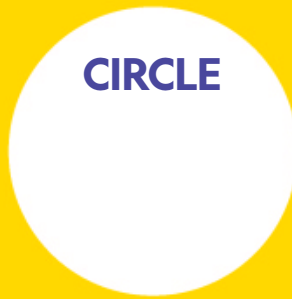


It is getting dark. Time to wake up, little frog!

# FIND THE SH

These are all things that are found in nature.  
Count all the circles. Trace the spiral shapes  
with your finger.

CIRCLE



SPIRAL



SEAHORSE



OWL



SAND DOLLAR



# APE



**SNAKE**



**SUNFLOWER**



**BIRD'S NEST**



**SNAIL**



**PLANT**

KEN GRIFFITHS / SHUTTERSTOCK (SNAKE); PIYAPHUN / SHUTTERSTOCK (SUNFLOWER); ELENA\_SG80 / SHUTTERSTOCK (SEAHORSE); DAVE FLEETHAM / GETTY IMAGES (OWL); ALEXANDRO PETKOVIC / EYEEM / GETTY IMAGES (SNAIL); IMAGE SOURCE RF / PERRY MASTROVITO / GETTY IMAGES (NEST); KEVIN SCHAFFER / GETTY IMAGES (SAND DOLLAR); FOREST71 / SHUTTERSTOCK (PLANT)

# FOXES

## IN THE DESERT

Fennec foxes live in hot, sandy deserts. Their ears and paws help them survive.



FURRY PAWS

Fur covers the bottom of the fox's paws. That protects its feet from hot sand.



**BIG EAR**

A fennec fox's ears are longer than your hand. How long are *your* ears?

Fennec foxes bark, squeak, growl, howl, and chatter.

Heat from the fox leaves its body through its tall ears. That helps the fox stay cool.

Fennec fox families stay cool inside their den during hot parts of the day.

Their fur color helps them hide in the sand.



Its ears and paws also help the fox hunt. It listens for insects crawling under the sand and uses all four paws to dig.

# MORE FOXES

There are 22 kinds of foxes. Here are a few.



**BAT-EARED FOX**



**TIBETAN FOX**



**RED FOX**



**CAPE FOX**

KONRAD WOTHE / MINDEN PICTURES (DEN); NATURE PICTURE LIBRARY / ALAMY (DIGGING); CHARLIE SUMMERS / NPL / MINDEN PICTURES (BAT-EARED FOX); FENG WEI PHOTOGRAPHY / GETTY IMAGES (TIBETAN FOX); JAYMUDALIAR / DREAMSTIME (RED FOX); ANN & STEVE TOON / ROBERTHARDING / GETTY IMAGES (CAPE FOX)

# LEFT OR RIGHT

Point to the **LEFT** side of the page. Point to the **RIGHT** side of the page. Play the game below to find the animals on the **left** or **right** side of the page.



Find all  
the kittens  
on the right side  
of the page.



**LEFT SIDE**



# HT?

Which side of the page has a duckling?



How many bunnies are on the left side?



Which side of the page has a piglet?

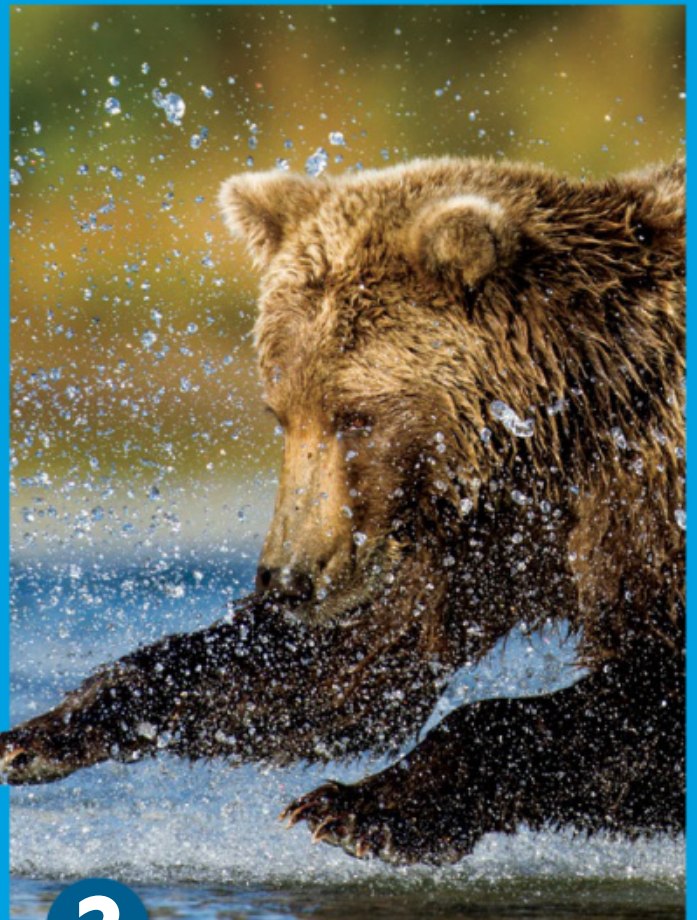
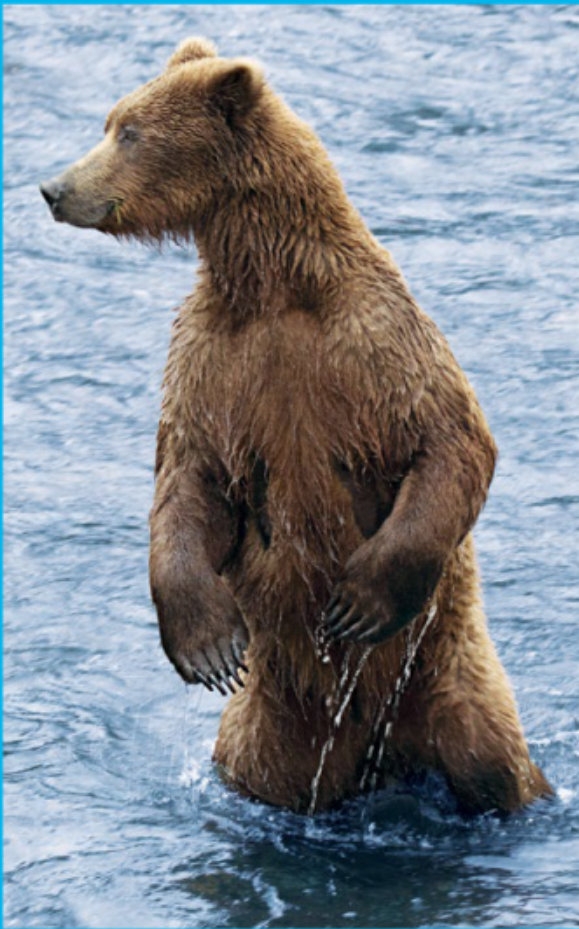


**RIGHT SIDE**

# A BEAR CATCH

1

A brown bear stands in a river. It is looking for a fish to catch.



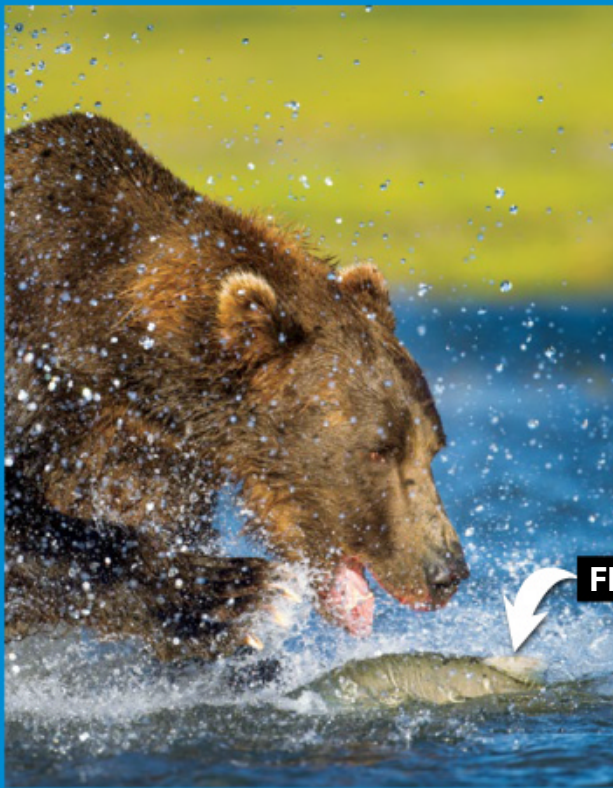
2

It sees a fish and then runs toward it. The bear splashes through the water.

# ES A FISH

3

Moving fast, the bear grabs the fish in its mouth. The bear's teeth help it hold on to the slippery fish.



4


Now it is time to carry the fish to the shore to eat.

# WHY DO WE SEE A RAINBOW?

Rainbows are sunlight and water. When it has just rained, or is about to rain, there are billions of water droplets in the air.



When sunlight hits the droplets, the light separates and we see all the colors of light.



The next time you are at a waterfall or a big water fountain, stand with the sun behind you and try to find a rainbow through the water spray.

RAINBOW

FROM THE PAGES OF



# SIZE THINGS

Look at all the pictures. Tap all the things that are smaller than you. Then use your finger to draw a line through all the things that are bigger than you.



MOUSE



TREE



ELEPHANT



HUMMINGBIRD

# UP



FLOWER



TRUCK



LADYBUG



WHALE

WUT\_MOPPIE / SHUTTERSTOCK (FLOWER); RUDMER ZWERVER / SHUTTERSTOCK (MOUSE); MIAO LIAO / SHUTTERSTOCK (TREE); PIXELCI / SHUTTERSTOCK (TRUCK); IRIN-K / SHUTTERSTOCK (LADYBUG); ROBERT HARDHOLT / DREAMSTIME (ELEPHANT); TOM WALKER / GETTY IMAGES (HUMMINGBIRD); WILDESTANIMAL / GETTY IMAGES (WHALE); DAVID AUBREY / TAXI / GETTY IMAGES (COVER)

## NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC KIDS

**Editor in Chief and Vice President,  
Kids Magazines & Digital**  
Rachel Buchholz

**Design Director, Magazines**  
Eileen O'Tousa-Crowson

**Editorial** Ruth A. Musgrave, *Contributing Writer*

**Photo** Shannon Hibberd, *Senior Photo Editor*

**Art** Dawn McFadin, *Contributing Designer*

**Production** Sean Philpotts, *Director*

**Digital** Laura Goertzel, *Director*

**PUBLISHED BY**  
**NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC PARTNERS, LLC**  
**Chairman of the Board of Directors** Peter Rice  
**Chief Executive Officer** Gary E. Knell

**Editorial Director**  
Susan Goldberg

**Managing Editor, Magazines**  
David Brindley

### International Magazine Publishing

Yulia Petrossian Boyle, *Senior Vice President*;  
Jennifer Jones, *Business Manager*;  
Rossana Stella, *Editorial Manager*

### Finance

Jeannette Swain, *Senior Budget Manager*;  
Tammi Colleary-Loach, *Senior Manager, Rights Clearance*;  
Veronica Kresse, *Business Specialist*

### Consumer Marketing

John MacKethan, *Vice President and General Manager*;  
*North American Consumer Marketing*;  
Mark Viola, *Director, Circulation Planning*; Janet H. Zavrel,  
*Manager, Circulation Planning*

### Consumer Insights and Analytics

Jessica Bates, *Senior Director*

### Publicity

Anna Kukulhaus (202) 912-6724  
Kelsey Taylor (202) 912-6776

### NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC LITTLE KIDS,

Issue 80, May / June 2020

(ISSN 1934-8363), is published bimonthly by  
National Geographic Partners, LLC, 1145 17th Street N.W.,  
Washington, DC 20036-4688.

**POSTMASTER:** Please send address changes to  
NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC LITTLE KIDS, P.O. Box 37545, Boone,  
IA 50037. If the Postal Service alerts NGP that your magazine is  
undeliverable, NGP has no further obligation unless it receives a  
corrected address within two years.

**SUBSCRIPTIONS:** U.S., \$25; to Canada, \$30;  
elsewhere, \$36; all U.S. funds. Single copy: U.S., \$5; to Canada,  
\$10; elsewhere, \$15; all in U.S. funds. In Canada, Agreement  
number 1000010298, return undeliverable Canadian  
addresses to NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC LITTLE KIDS,  
P.O. Box 819 STN Main, Markham, ON L3P 9Z9

### Parents:

Follow us on Twitter @NGKids  
and like us on Facebook.



PRINTED ON 100% PEFC-CERTIFIED PAPER—  
PEFC/29-31-58—Please recycle.

# WILD CARDS



**HARBOR SEAL**



# harbor seal

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**Harbor seals live in the ocean. They can stay underwater for up to 30 minutes before they must come to the surface to breathe.**

---



# WILD CARDS



NATIONAL  
GEOGRAPHIC  
**LittleKids**

**GRAY WOLVES**

# gray wolves

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**Young wolves, or pups, grow up in a family group called a pack. All of the adults in a pack help feed and protect the pups.**

---



# WILD CARDS



**BONGO**

# bongo

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**Both male and female bongos have horns. Bongos live in the forest in some parts of Africa. They eat leaves, grass, and roots.**

---



# WILD CARDS



**MADAGASCAR DAY GECKO**

# Madagascar day gecko

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**Geckos are lizards. This kind of gecko can grow to be as long as four of these cards laid side by side.**

---



# WILD CARDS



**NINE-BANDED ARMADILLO**



# nine-banded armadillo

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**Armadillos are active mainly at night. They have a good sense of smell. Armadillos use their noses to find insects to eat.**

---



**WILD CARDS**

NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC  
**Littlekids**



**VERVET MONKEY**

# vervet monkey

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**Vervet monkeys live in groups. After a baby is born, each monkey in the group gets to know the newborn by touching or sniffing it.**

---



© JOE & MARY MCDONALD / KIMBALL STOCK