

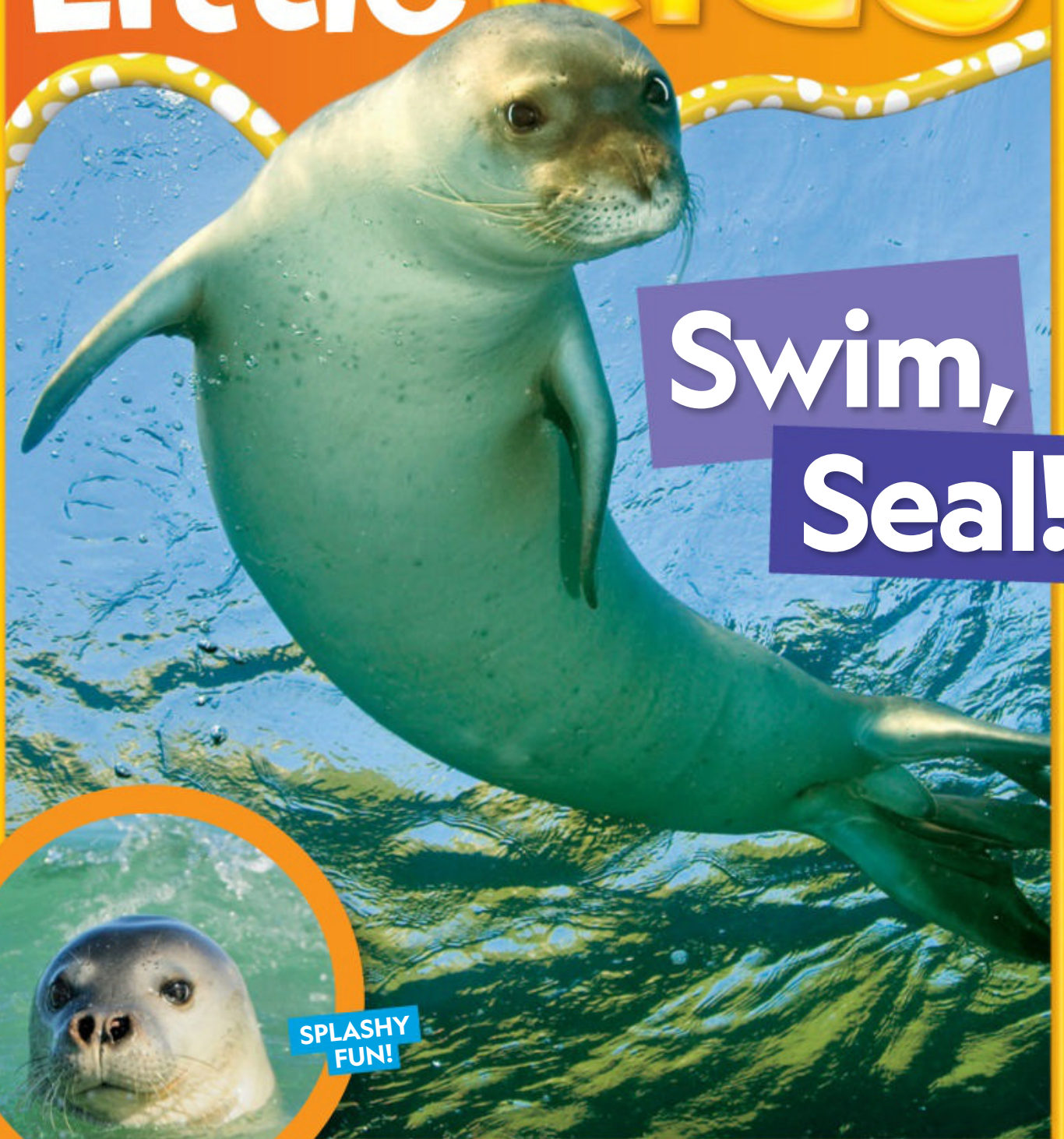
LOOK INSIDE:  
ANIMAL CARDS!

 NATIONAL  
GEOGRAPHIC

# Little Kids

Swim,  
Seal!

SPLASHY  
FUN!



# Why?

Why do you think animals cannot talk like you?



Animals do not use words. But they do use sounds to say things. Wolves howl to tell others where they are. Geese honk to keep all the birds together.

## SORTING

# What Is Different?

Look at each picture in the top row.  
Find the differences between it and the one below.



Find one  
difference.

Find two  
differences.

Find three  
differences.

# That's Cool!

**Meet the cape porcupine.**

**A cape porcupine has quills that cover its body. It holds them up to look big and scary.**



**At night, porcupines search for roots, bulbs, and fruit to eat.**

**The sharp quills can jab into an animal that wants to eat the porcupine.**

**QUILLS**



# NAMING

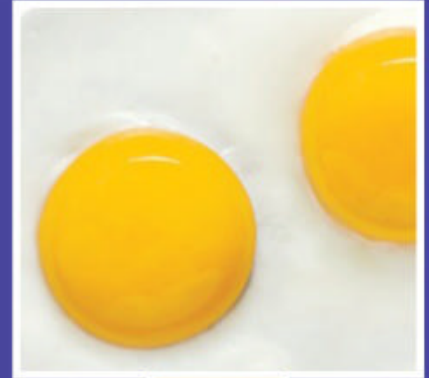
## What in the World Are These?



\_ANANAS



\_AGEL



\_GGS



\_ATMEAL



\_ACON



\_OGURT



\_LUEBERRIES



\_ANCAKES



\_RANGE JUICE

TOP ROW (LEFT TO RIGHT): LOOP57 / ISTOCKPHOTO; PJOHNSONT / ISTOCKPHOTO; MACIDA / ISTOCKPHOTO. MIDDLE ROW (LEFT TO RIGHT): ROBYN MACKENZIE / SHUTTERSTOCK; THECRIMSONMONKEY / ISTOCKPHOTO; LEPAS2004 / ISTOCKPHOTO. BOTTOM ROW (LEFT TO RIGHT): CREATIVEYE99 / ISTOCKPHOTO; SUBJUG / ISTOCKPHOTO; BIGACIS / SHUTTERSTOCK.

What do you like to eat for breakfast?

# Seals: Built

Mediterranean monk seals spend most of their life in the sea. They breathe air like you do but have tricks to live in the water.



# to Swim

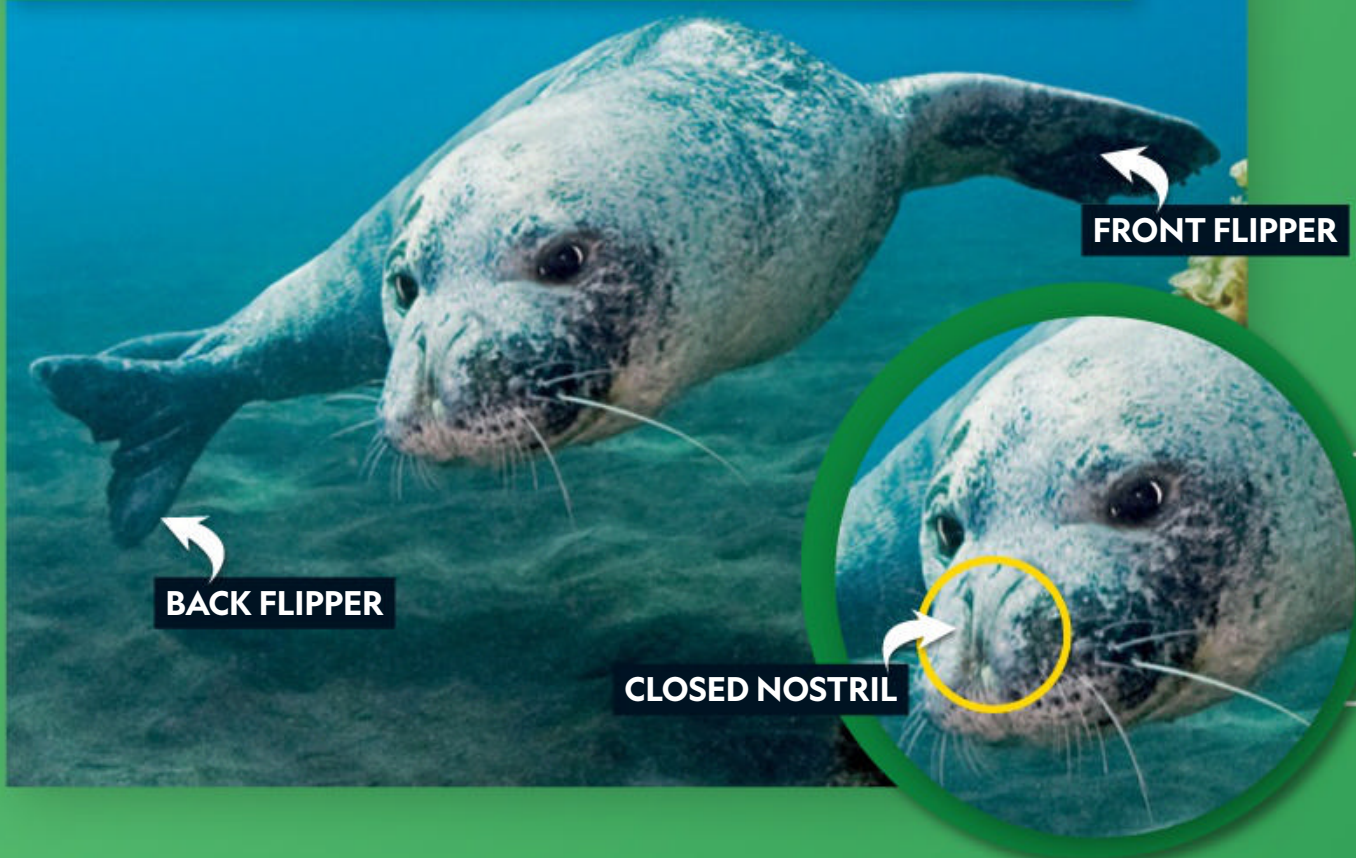


This kind of seal is longer than your bed!



UP FOR AIR

Seals can hold their breath underwater for 15 minutes. Their nostrils close to help keep out water.



The seal swishes its back flippers from side to side to swim. Its front flippers help it turn and stop. Big eyes help it look for food in the dark ocean.





These seals often sleep in caves that are hard for people to find.



A Mediterranean monk seal eats fish, octopuses, squid, eels, and lobsters.

Long whiskers feel fish swimming by. The seal catches one and swallows it whole. Gulp!

# ANIMAL LOOK-ALIKES

Many animals look alike. But they are different kinds of animals.

Look at each animal. Then find another animal that looks almost the same.

Example:



FROG



TOAD



HORSE

PRAIRIE DOG



PENGUIN





**LLAMA**



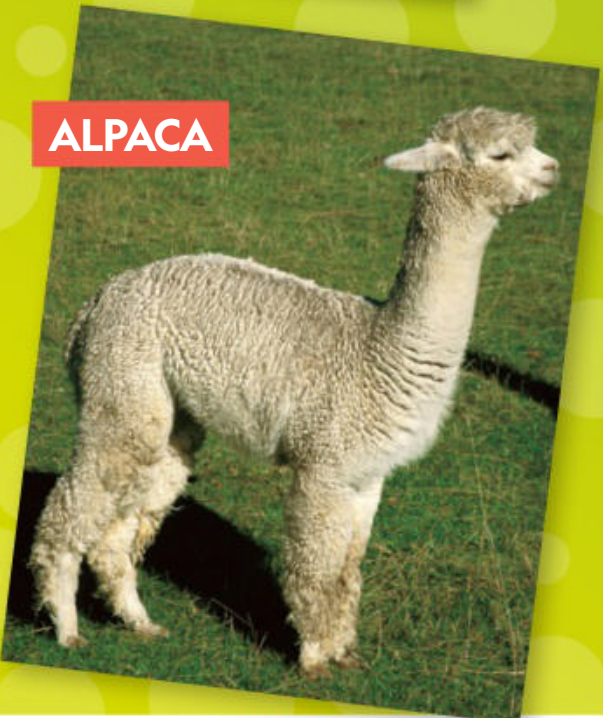
**AUKLET**



**MEERKAT**



**DONKEY**



**ALPACA**

**What kind of animal do you think a human looks like?**



# RIDE ON, BABY BEAR!

Baby sloth bears ride on their mother's back to stay safe from hungry animals.

Sloth bears eat fruit, ants, termites, and bees.



ALMOST TO  
THE TOP!



The cub stands on its back legs. It grabs onto Mom's fur with its front paws. Then the baby pulls itself up.



Sometimes sloth bears hang from branches.

Soon the cub will be too big to climb onto Mom. But for now, giddyup!

# MORE PIGGYBACK RIDES

Meet other  
babies that ride  
on Mom or Dad.



OPOSSUMS



EARED GREBES

GIANT  
ANTEATERS



RING-TAILED LEMURS



# TWO OF

Point to the word under each picture. Say the name of each picture aloud. Find all the pictures with two of the same letters in the middle of the word.



APPLE



SPOON



MOUSE



KOALA

How many fruits are on this page?



# A KIND



ORANGE



RABBIT



PUPPY



BUTTON

How many animals are on this page?



BANANA

# A ROBIN FEEDS



1

Robins feed their chicks earthworms. To find the worm, the robin stands on the ground. It looks for worms hidden in the grass or dirt.

2

The bird catches the worm with its beak and pulls it from its hiding place.



# ITS CHICKS



4

The hungry chicks open their mouths wide. Mom or Dad drops in the worm. If the chicks are very young, the robin breaks the worm into pieces.

3

The robin flies back to the nest. It carries the worm in its beak.



CHICKS

# MOON

You can often see Earth's moon when you look into the night sky. The moon travels around the Earth. This is called an orbit. The Earth also orbits around the sun.

The moon is cold and rocky. It looks bright, but it is actually dark. It seems bright when the sun's light bounces off it.

FROM THE  
PAGES OF





## FACTS

### SIZE



**EARTH**

**MOON**

### PLACE IN SPACE

In orbit around Earth

### HOW FAR AWAY

It takes about three days for a spaceship to get there.

It takes  
about 27 days  
for the moon  
to orbit Earth.

# SHAPE SHIFTERS

These are all shapes that you might see in things you use every day. Use the clues to find each shape.

**CONE**



**CUBE**



**SPHERE**



**CYLINDER**



**Find** the pointy end of the cones.

**Trace** the square shapes of the cubes with one finger.

**Circle** the spheres with two fingers.

**Tap** each cylinder three times.



**LOG**



**SAFETY CONE**



**BLOCKS**

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# WILD CARDS



**FLORIDA PANTHER**



# Florida panther

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## **FUN FACTS**

**This panther is a rare kind of cougar that lives in Florida. These wild cats do not roar but will chirp, whistle, purr, and growl.**

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# WILD CARDS



**OAK EGGAR CATERPILLAR**

# **oak eggar caterpillar**

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## **FUN FACTS**

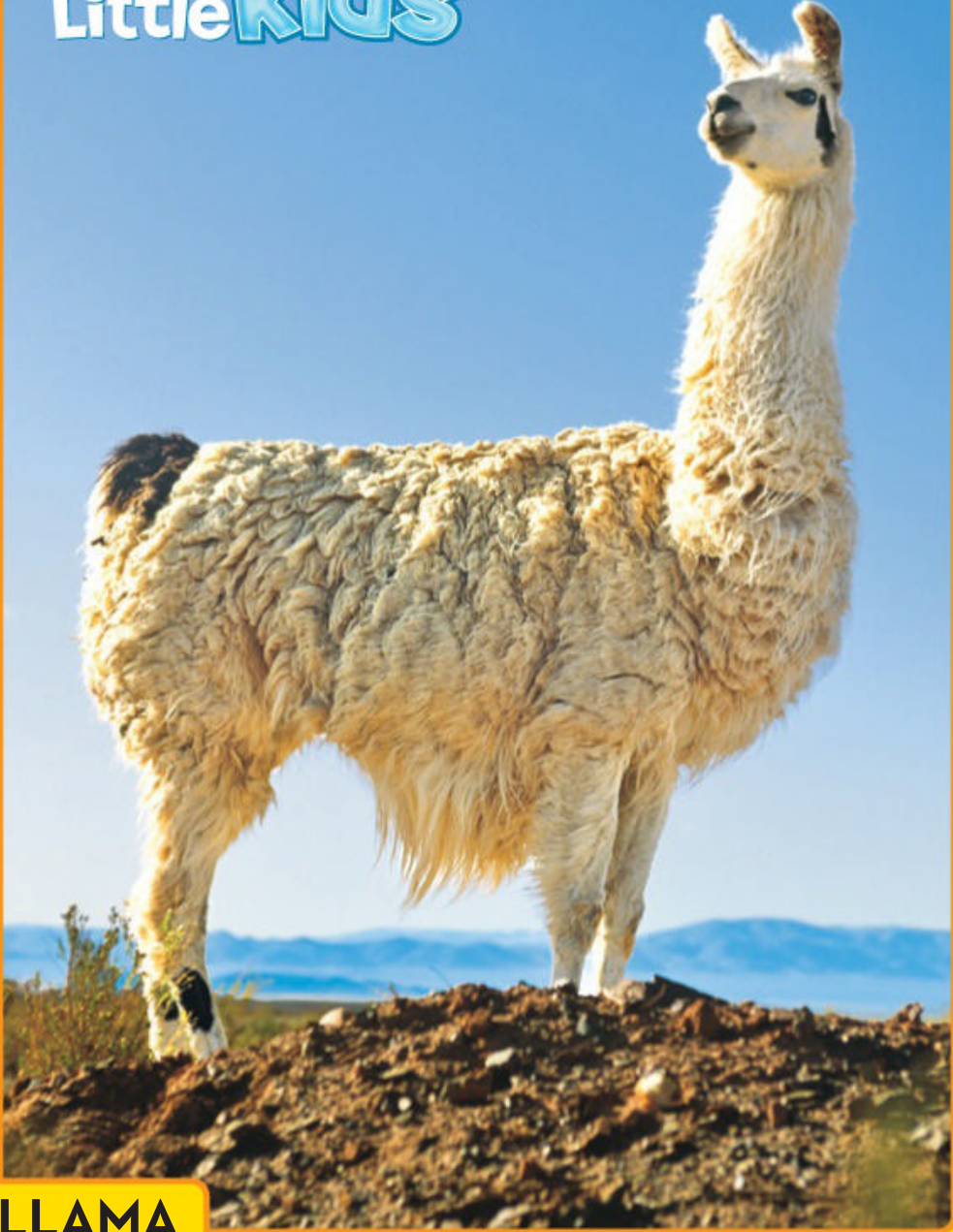
**The hairs on an oak eggar caterpillar help keep its body dry when it rains. This kind of caterpillar will turn into a moth.**

---



**WILD CARDS**

NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC  
**Littlekids**



**LLAMA**

# Llama

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**Llamas live with people. They are not wild animals. People use them to help carry things in the high mountains of South America.**

---



**WILD CARDS**



**SIBERIAN CHIPMUNK**

# Siberian chipmunk

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**This little chipmunk lives in Europe. It makes an underground burrow with one room for its nest and another to store food.**

---



# WILD CARDS



**SPOTTED EAGLE RAY**



# spotted eagle ray

---

## **FUN FACTS**

**Rays are fish. The spotted eagle ray spends a lot of time in shallow ocean water. It uses the sharp spines on its tail to protect itself.**

---



**WILD CARDS**



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**FOSSA**

# fossa

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## **FUN FACTS**

**The fossa lives in Madagascar, an island country in Africa. Fossas are good tree climbers. They hunt for lemurs, frogs, and rats.**

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