

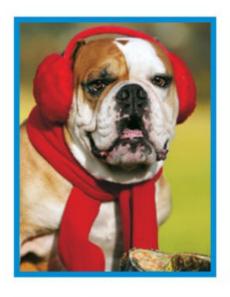
## Why do you think a sloth hangs upside down?

Sloths eat and sleep upside down. They use less energy when they hang instead of walk (like you do when you sit instead of run). This means they can eat less food and hide from hungry animals.



## What Is Different?

Look at each picture in the top row. Find the differences between it and the one below.













Find one difference.

Find two differences.

Find three differences.



## That's Cool!

This
salamander
lives in lakes and
wetlands in only
one place in the
world.

Meet the axolotl.
Say: ACK-suh-LAH-tuhl

If it is
injured, it can
regrow its legs,
jaw, spine, heart,
or parts of its
brain.

It breathes underwater with its feathery gills as it hunts for bugs, tadpoles, worms, and fish. GILLS

### What in the World Are These?





LOWERS





\_EAPOT



\_AMERA





EA STAR

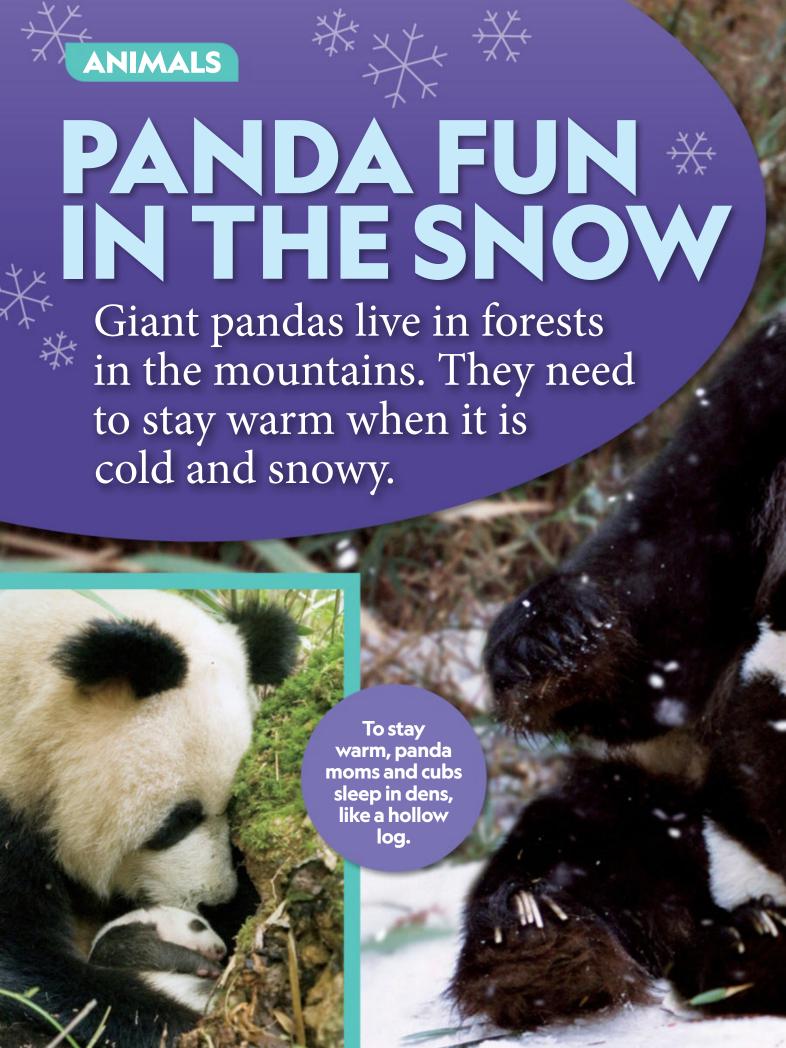


MBRELLA

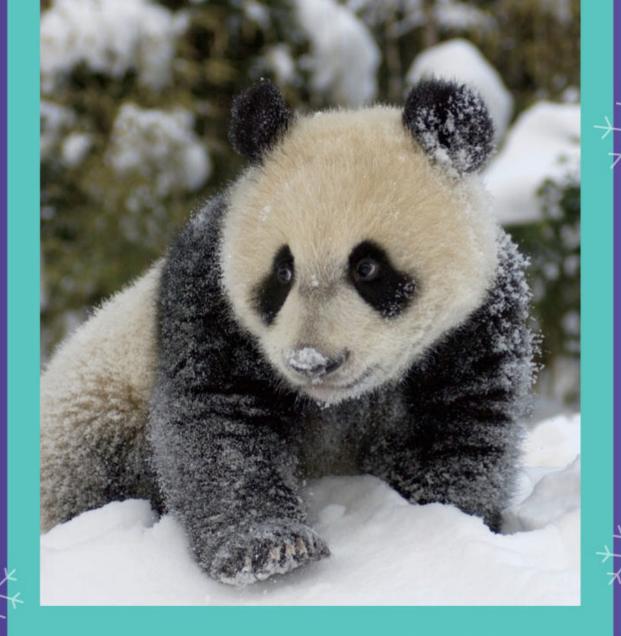


ELMUT

Name some other blue things.





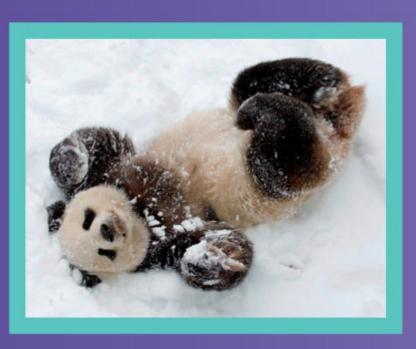


Thick, woolly fur keeps pandas warm and dry when they sleep in the snow. Furry feet keep them warm as they walk.



Pandas sometimes sit on the snow for a long time to eat. They crunch on a plant called bamboo. Eating a lot gives them energy to stay warm.





The best part of living in snow is rolling like a fuzzy snowball!

## TOPS AND BOTTOMS

The animals in these pictures are all mixed up they have the wrong bottoms! Look at the top of each picture. Find the correct bottom that matches that animal.





# 'TALKING' WITH GUANACOS

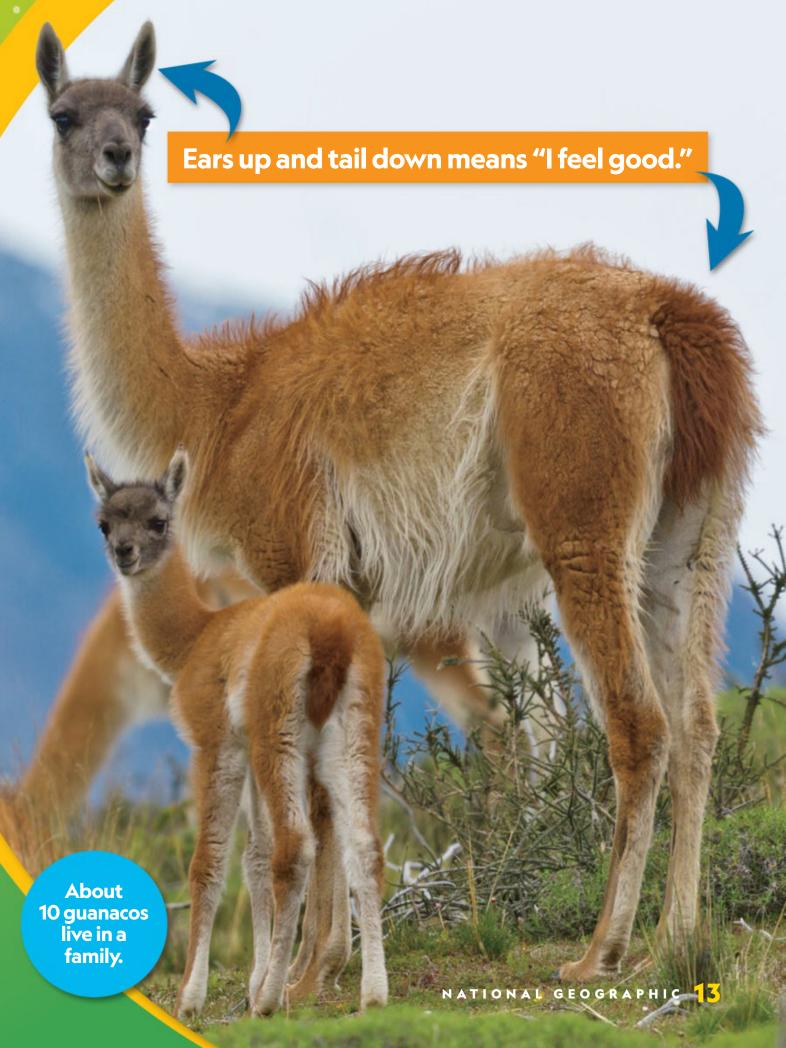
Guanacos live in groups. They use their noses, tails, and ears to tell each other things.

Use your eyes to "listen" to these guanacos.

Say: gwah-NAH-koh



YVA MOMATIUK ANE JOHN EASTCOTT / MINDEN PICTURES (ADULT ANE BABY); TORSTEN LORENZ / ALAMY (TOUCHING NOSES



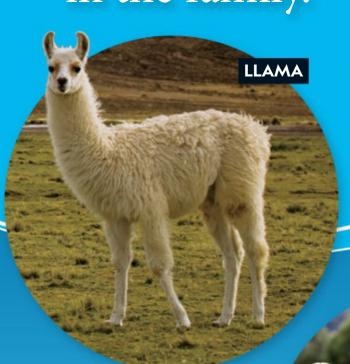


If a guanaco wants to say "You should have listened to me," it spits!

## MORE CAMELS

Guanacos are part of the camel family. Meet the

other animals in the family.



DROMEDARY CAMEL

BACTRIAN CAMEL

VICUÑA

PETE OXFORD / MINDEN PICTURES (STRAIGHT-OUT TAIL); WESTEND61 GMBH / ALAMY / ALAMY (STRAIGHT-UP TAIL); JUNIORS BILDARCHIV GMBH / ALAMY (FLAT EARS); DMITRY PICHUGIN / SHUTTERSTOCK (BACTRIAN CAMEL); CHRIS MATTISON / MINDEN PICTURES (VICUÑA); SEBASTIAN KENNERKNECHT / MINDEN PICTURES (LLAMA); ALESSANDRA SARTI / IMAGEBROKER/ARDEA (DROMEDARY CAMEL)

## SILLY SOUNDS

Read each silly sentence aloud. What sound do you hear most in each sentence?

Say the name of each animal. Fill in the blank of each sentence with the animal that starts with the same sound.

A big \_\_\_\_\_ bounces on blue bubbles.

A crow counts a crowd of \_\_\_\_\_

The good \_\_\_\_\_ gulps goo.

Five frogs find fluffy \_\_\_\_\_.

A happy \_\_\_\_\_ hugs a horse.

The loud \_\_\_\_\_ licks lemons.

A yellow \_\_\_\_\_ yells, "Yikes!"





### **NATURE**

A PENGUIN HATCHES

An emperor penguin mother lays an egg. She passes it to the father.





holds the egg on top of his feet. He keeps it warm under a pouch of skin. In about two months, a penguin chick hatches. Its parents keep the little baby warm and fed until it grows up.





## STARS

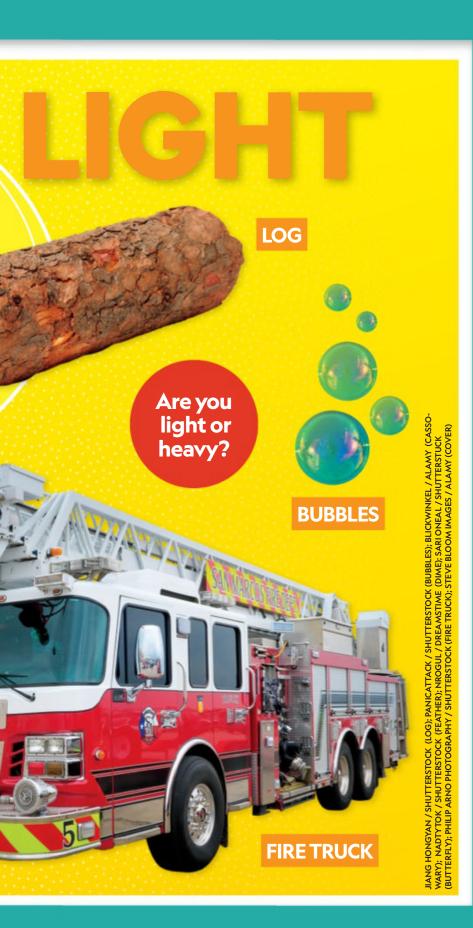
On a clear night, you might see about 3,000 stars in the sky. But there are billions more that you cannot see.

Stars create energy that makes them shine. They are made of hot gases.

Stars have different temperatures. The hottest stars are blue. The coolest stars are red. Yellow stars, like Earth's sun, have a temperature between blue and red stars.









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#### **PUBLISHED BY** NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC PARTNERS, LLC **Chairman of the Board of Directors**

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#### NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC LITTLE KIDS.

National Geographic Partners, LLC, 1145 17th Street N.W., Washington, DC 20036-4688.

**POSTMASTER:** Please send address changes to magazine is undeliverable, NGP has no further obligation

SUBSCRIPTIONS: United States, \$30.00; to Canada, \$37.00; elsewhere, \$48.00; all in U.S. funds. Single copy: United States, Canada, Agreement number 1000010298, return undeliverable P.O. Box 819 STN Main, Markham, ON L3P 9Z9

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## WILD CARDS



## harp seal

#### **FUN FACTS**

Harp seal babies like this one are called pups. Harp seal pups are born with yellow fur. Their fur turns white after a few days.



MICHIO HOSHINO / MINDEN PICTURES



## red-necked pademelon

#### **FUN FACTS**

This kind of pademelon lives in forests. It carries its baby in a pouch like a kangaroo. Pademelons eat grass, leaves, fruit, and bark.



© JEAN-PAUL FERRERO / MINDEN PICTURES



## spotted porcupine fish

#### **FUN FACTS**

A porcupine fish puffs up like a balloon and sticks out spines that are on its body. That way enemies won't eat it.



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## European bee-eater

### **FUN FACTS**

These birds eat bees and other insects. Bee-eaters dig burrows, or holes, and build their nests inside.



© OLIVIER SEYDOUX / MINDEN PICTURES

### WILD CARDS



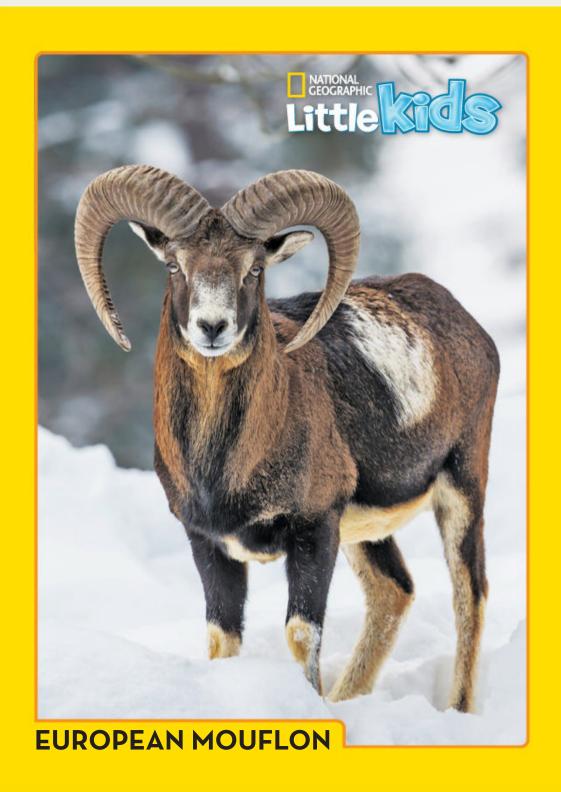
## jaguar

### **FUN FACTS**

Jaguars have spots that help them hide in the forest. They use their strong jaws to catch the animals they hunt.



FRANS LANTING / NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC IMAGE COLLECTION



## European mouflon

### **FUN FACTS**

A mouflon is a kind of sheep. Male mouflons, called rams, have big, curved horns. Mouflons grow thick, warm coats in the winter.



© KLEIN-HUBERT / KIMBALL STOCK

**OBSERVATION** 

## Hide-and-Seek

Can you find the snow leopards in this picture?



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